

# THINK! Map key



## Vehicles involved

May not have been damaged or injured a casualty but their presence in some way played a part in the events leading up to the collision:



Car (excl Taxi)



Bicycle



Motor cycle



Goods vehicle



Bus / coach



Other / unknown

## Casualties

These are colour-coded in the report 'pop up' by severity of casualty state (fatal, serious or slight).



Car (excl Taxi)



Bicycle



Motor cycle



Goods vehicle



Bus / coach



Other / unknown



Pedestrian

## Collision severity of an accident

The severity of the most severely injured casualty.



Fatal (one person or more killed)



Serious (one person or more seriously injured)



Slight (one person or more slightly injured)



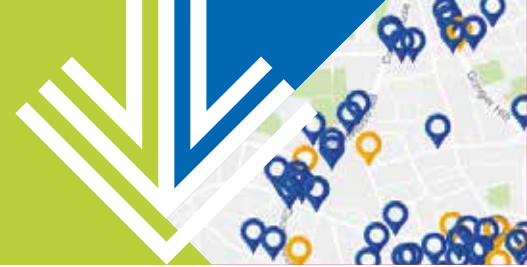
# THINK! Map definitions



NAME	DEFINITION
<b>Accident</b>	<p>An incident between one or more vehicles and/or one or more pedestrians (people walking) which results in injury and is reported to the police within 30 days of happening.</p> <p>Vehicles in accidents do not need to be moving. Accidents involving stationary vehicles and pedestrians are included.</p> <p>One accident may give rise to several casualties.</p>
<b>Buses and coaches</b>	Vehicles which can carry 17 or more passengers.
<b>Cars</b>	Includes taxis, vans, three and four wheel cars and minibuses.
<b>Casualty</b>	A person killed or injured in an accident. Casualties are sub-divided into killed, seriously injured and slightly hurt. One accident may give rise to several casualties.
<b>Darkness</b>	From half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise, i.e. when street lamps (where available) are lit.
<b>Daylight</b>	All times other than darkness.
<b>DfT</b>	Department for Transport.
<b>Drivers</b>	Persons in control of vehicles other than bicycles, motorcycles and ridden animals (see riders). Other occupants of vehicles are passengers
<b>Fatal accident</b>	An accident in which at least one person is killed.
<b>Goods vehicles</b>	These are divided into two groups according to vehicle weight. They include small lorries, tractor units without their semi-trailers, trailers, articulated vehicles and pick-up trucks.
<b>Heavy goods vehicles (HGV)</b>	Goods vehicles (over 3.5 tonnes maximum permissible gross vehicle weight (GVW)).
<b>Light goods vehicles (LGV)</b>	Goods vehicles, mainly vans (not over 3.5 tonnes maximum permissible gross vehicle weight).
<b>Injury accident</b>	An accident involving human injury or death.
<b>Killed</b>	People hurt in the accident who die within a month of it happening due to their injuries.



# THINK! Map definitions



NAME	DEFINITION
<b>Motorcycles</b>	Two wheel motor vehicles, including mopeds, motor scooters and motor cycle combinations.
<b>N/A</b>	Not available. This refers to cases where we do not have information recorded on the age of the driver, rider, or casualty associated with an accident.
<b>Other vehicles</b>	Other motor vehicles include ambulances, fire engines, trams, dustbin lorries, road rollers, agricultural vehicles, diggers, mobile cranes, electric scooters and motorised wheelchairs etc. Other non-motor vehicles include those drawn by an animal, ridden horse, wheelchairs without a motor, street barrows etc.
<b>Passengers</b>	Occupants of vehicles, other than the person in control (the driver or rider). This includes pillion passengers (this is a person who travels in a seat behind the motorcyclist/rider).
<b>Bicycles</b>	Includes tandems, tricycles and toy cycles ridden on the road.
<b>Pedal cyclists</b>	Riders of bicycles, including any passengers.
<b>Pedestrians</b>	People who are walking. This also includes children riding toy cycles on the pavement, persons pushing bicycles, pushing or pulling other vehicles or operating pedestrian-controlled vehicles, those leading or herding animals, children in prams or buggies, and people who alight safely from vehicles and are subsequently injured.
<b>Riders</b>	Persons in control of bicycles, motorcycles or ridden animals. Other occupants of these vehicles are passengers.
<b>Road users</b>	Pedestrians and vehicle riders, drivers and passengers.
<b>Serious accident</b>	One in which at least one person is seriously injured but no person is killed.
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Of an accident:</b> the severity of the most severely injured casualty (either fatal, serious or slight). <b>Of a casualty:</b> killed, seriously injured or slightly injured.
<b>Slight accident</b>	One in which at least one person is slightly injured but no person is killed or seriously injured.
<b>Slight injury</b>	A minor injury such as a sprain (including neck whiplash injury), bruise or cut which are not judged to be severe, or slight shock requiring roadside attention. This definition includes injuries not requiring medical treatment.



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NAME	DEFINITION
<b>Taxi</b>	Any vehicle operating as a taxi for hire, regardless of construction, and bearing the appropriate district council or local authority hackney carriage plates. Taxis also include private hire cars.
<b>Vehicles</b>	Taxis are classified according to their purpose. However, all other vehicles are classified according to what they look like (their structural type) and not according to what they are used for or category of licence at the time of an accident.
<b>Vehicles involved in accident</b>	Vehicles whose drivers or passengers are injured, which hit and injure a pedestrian or another vehicle whose driver or passengers are injured, or which contributes to the accident. Vehicles which collide, after the initial accident which caused injury, are not included unless they add to the degree of injury or lead to further casualties. This includes bicycles ridden on the pavement.

